

Rules for integrands of the form $(f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n$

1. $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d$

1. $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0$

1. $\int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0$

1: $\int \frac{x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{d + e x^2} dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

- Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $\frac{x}{d+e x^2} = \frac{1}{e} \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Tanh}[x], x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]] \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]$

Note: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $(a + b x)^n \operatorname{Tanh}[x]$ is integrable in closed-form.

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{d + e x^2} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{e} \operatorname{Subst} \left[\int (a + b x)^n \operatorname{Tanh}[x] dx, x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x] \right]$$

- Program code:

```
Int[x_*(a_+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_./.(d_+e_.*x_^2),x_Symbol]:=  
 1/e*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Tanh[x],x,ArcSinh[c*x]] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

$$2: \int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge p \neq -1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } x (d + e x^2)^p = \partial_x \frac{(d+e x^2)^{p+1}}{2 e (p+1)}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n = \frac{b c n (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: If } e = c^2 d, \text{ then } \partial_x \frac{(d+e x^2)^p}{(1+c^2 x^2)^p} = 0$$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge p \neq -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \\ \rightarrow & \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{2 e (p+1)} - \frac{b c n}{2 e (p+1)} \int \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}} dx \\ \rightarrow & \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{2 e (p+1)} - \frac{b n (d + e x^2)^p}{2 c (p+1) (1+c^2 x^2)^p} \int (1+c^2 x^2)^{\frac{p+1}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1} dx \end{aligned}$$

—

Program code:

```
Int[x_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_._+b_._*ArcSinh[c_._*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=  

(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p+1)) -  

b*n/(2*c*(p+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[(1+c^2*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1),x] /;  

FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && GtQ[n,0] && NeQ[p,-1]
```

2. $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge m + 2 p + 3 = 0$

1: $\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{x (d + e x^2)} dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $\frac{1}{x (d+e x^2)} = \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{1}{\cosh[x] \sinh[x]}, x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]\right] \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{x (d + e x^2)} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(a + b x)^n}{\cosh[x] \sinh[x]} dx, x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_..+b_..*ArcSinh[c_..*x_])^n_./((x_*(d_+e_..*x_^2)),x_Symbol]:=  
 1/d*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n/(Cosh[x]*Sinh[x]),x],x,ArcSinh[c*x]] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

2: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge m + 2 p + 3 = 0 \wedge m \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $m + 2 p + 3 = 0$, then $(f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p = \partial_x \frac{(f x)^{m+1} (d+e x^2)^{p+1}}{d f^{(m+1)}}$

Basis: $\partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n = \frac{b c n (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}}$

Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $\partial_x \frac{(d+e x^2)^p}{(1+c^2 x^2)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge m + 2 p + 3 = 0 \wedge m \neq -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \\
\rightarrow & \frac{(f x)^{m+1} (d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{d f (m+1)} - \frac{b c n}{d f (m+1)} \int \frac{(f x)^{m+1} (d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} dx \\
\rightarrow & \frac{(f x)^{m+1} (d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{d f (m+1)} - \frac{b c n (d + e x^2)^p}{f (m+1) (1 + c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m+1} (1 + c^2 x^2)^{p+\frac{1}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1} dx
\end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```

Int[ (f_.*x_)^m_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_._+b_._*ArcSinh[c_.*x_] )^n_,x_Symbol] := 
(f*x)^{m+1}*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m+1)) -
b*c*n/(f*(m+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[ (f*x)^{m+1}*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && GtQ[n,0] && EqQ[m+2*p+3,0] && NeQ[m,-1]

```

3. $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge p > 0$
1. $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge p > 0$
1. $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$
1. $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$
- 1: $\int \frac{(d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])}{x} dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Inverted integration by parts

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])}{x} dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])}{2 p} - \frac{b c d^p}{2 p} \int (1 + c^2 x^2)^{p-\frac{1}{2}} dx + d \int \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p-1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])}{x} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d+e.*x.^2)^p.*(a.+b.*ArcSinh[c.*x.])/x.,x,Symbol]:=  
  (d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])/(2*p) -  
  b*c*d^p/(2*p)*Int[(1+c^2*x^2)^(p-1/2),x] +  
  d*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p-1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])/x,x];;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

2: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Derivation: Inverted integration by parts

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(f x)^{m+1} (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])}{f (m+1)} -$$

$$\frac{b c d^p}{f (m+1)} \int (f x)^{m+1} (1 + c^2 x^2)^{p-\frac{1}{2}} dx - \frac{2 e p}{f^2 (m+1)} \int (f x)^{m+2} (d + e x^2)^{p-1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f.*x.)^m*(d.+e.*x.^2)^p.*(a.+b.*ArcSinh[c.*x.]),x_Symbol] :=
(f*x)^(m+1)*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])/((f*(m+1)) -
b*c*d^p/(f*(m+1))*Int[(f*x)^(m+1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p-1/2),x] -
2*e*p/(f^2*(m+1))*Int[(f*x)^(m+2)*(d+e*x^2)^(p-1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[p,0] && ILtQ[(m+1)/2,0]
```

2: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, let $u = \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) - b c \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f.*x.)^m*(d.+e.*x.^2)^p.*(a.+b.*ArcSinh[c.*x.]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p,x]}, 
Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

2: $\int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \neq -\frac{1}{2} \wedge \left(\frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee \frac{m+2p+3}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) = \frac{b c}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}}$

Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}} = 0$

Note: If $p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \left(\frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee \frac{m+2p+3}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$, then $\int x^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$ is an algebraic function not involving logarithms, inverse trig or inverse hyperbolic functions.

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \neq -\frac{1}{2} \wedge \left(\frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee \frac{m+2p+3}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$, let $u = \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$, then

$$\int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) - b c \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}} dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x]) - \frac{b c \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}} \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[x^m*(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],u] -
b*c*Simp[Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[d+e*x^2],x],x] ];
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p-1/2] && NeQ[p,-1/2] && (IGtQ[(m+1)/2,0] || ILtQ[(m+2*p+3)/2,0])
```

2. $\int (f x)^m \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e == c^2 d \wedge n > 0$

1: $\int (f x)^m \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e == c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge m < -1$

Derivation: Inverted integration by parts

Note: The piecewise constant factor in the second integral reduces the degree of d in the resulting antiderivative.

Rule: If $e == c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge m < -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int (f x)^m \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx &\rightarrow \\ \frac{(f x)^{m+1} \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{f (m+1)} - \\ \frac{b c n \sqrt{d + e x^2}}{f (m+1) \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} \int (f x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1} dx - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{d + e x^2}}{f^2 (m+1) \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} \int \frac{(f x)^{m+2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_*Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  (f*x)^(m+1)*Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(f*(m+1)) -  
  b*c*n/(f*(m+1))*Simp[Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]]*Int[(f*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1),x] -  
  c^2/(f^(2*(m+1)))*Simp[Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]]*Int[(f*x)^(m+2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && GtQ[n,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

2: $\int (f x)^m \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge (m + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee n = 1)$

Derivation: Inverted integration by parts

Note: The piecewise constant factor in the second integral reduces the degree of d in the resulting antiderivative.

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge (m + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee n = 1)$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f x)^m \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(f x)^{m+1} \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{f (m+2)} - \\ & \frac{b c n \sqrt{d + e x^2}}{f (m+2) \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} \int (f x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1} dx + \frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}{(m+2) \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} \int \frac{(f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f . *x_)^m_*Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  (f*x)^(m+1)*Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(f*(m+2))-  
  b*c*n/(f*(m+2))*Simp[Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]]*Int[(f*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1),x]+  
  1/(m+2)*Simp[Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]]*Int[(f*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x]/;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[n,0] && (IGtQ[m,-2] || EqQ[n,1])
```

3. $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge p > 0$

1: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge p > 0 \wedge m < -1$

Derivation: Inverted integration by parts

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge p > 0 \wedge m < -1$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(f x)^{m+1} (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{f (m+1)} -$$

$$\frac{2 e p}{f^2 (m+1)} \int (f x)^{m+2} (d + e x^2)^{p-1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx - \frac{b c n (d + e x^2)^p}{f (m+1) (1 + c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m+1} (1 + c^2 x^2)^{p-\frac{1}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1} dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_._+b_._*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=

(f*x)^(m+1)*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(f*(m+1)) -
2*e*p/(f^(2*(m+1)))*Int[(f*x)^(m+2)*(d+e*x^2)^(p-1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] -
b*c*n/(f*(m+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[(f*x)^(m+1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p-1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1),x] /;

FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && GtQ[n,0] && GtQ[p,0] && LtQ[m,-1]

```

2: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge p > 0 \wedge m \neq -1$

Derivation: Inverted integration by parts

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge p > 0 \wedge m \neq -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(f x)^{m+1} (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{f (m + 2 p + 1)} + \\ & \frac{2 d p}{m + 2 p + 1} \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^{p-1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx - \frac{b c n (d + e x^2)^p}{f (m + 2 p + 1) (1 + c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m+1} (1 + c^2 x^2)^{p-\frac{1}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_*x_)^m*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_._+b_._*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
 (f*x)^(m+1)*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(f*(m+2*p+1)) +  
 2*d*p/(m+2*p+1)*Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p-1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] -  
 b*c*n/(f*(m+2*p+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[(f*x)^(m+1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p-1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1),x];  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && GtQ[n,0] && GtQ[p,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1]]
```

4: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge m + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge m + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(f x)^{m+1} (d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{d f (m+1)} - \\ & \frac{c^2 (m+2 p+3)}{f^2 (m+1)} \int (f x)^{m+2} (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx - \frac{b c n (d + e x^2)^p}{f (m+1) (1+c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m+1} (1+c^2 x^2)^{p+\frac{1}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1} dx \end{aligned}$$

Programcode:

```
Int[ (f_.*x_)^m_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_._+b_._*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=  
  (f*x)^(m+1)*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m+1)) -  
  c^2*(m+2*p+3)/(f^2*(m+1))*Int[ (f*x)^(m+2)*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] -  
  b*c*n/(f*(m+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[ (f*x)^(m+1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,p},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && GtQ[n,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

5. $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge p < -1 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge p < -1 \wedge m - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: $x (d + e x^2)^p = \partial_x \frac{(d+e x^2)^{p+1}}{2 e (p+1)}$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge p < -1 \wedge m - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{f (f x)^{m-1} (d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{2 e (p+1)} - \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{f^2 (m-1)}{2 e (p+1)} \int (f x)^{m-2} (d+e x^2)^{p+1} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx - \frac{b f n (d+e x^2)^p}{2 c (p+1) (1+c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m-1} (1+c^2 x^2)^{p+\frac{1}{2}} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[ (f_.*x_)^m_* (d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_* (a_._+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=  
  f*(f*x)^(m-1)*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p+1)) -  
  f^(2*(m-1)/(2*e*(p+1))*Int[ (f*x)^(m-2)*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] -  
  b*f*n/(2*c*(p+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[ (f*x)^(m-1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && GtQ[n,0] && LtQ[p,-1] && IgTQ[m,1]
```

2: $\int (f x)^m (d+e x^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d$ \wedge $n > 0$ \wedge $p < -1$ \wedge $m \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d$ \wedge $n > 0$ \wedge $p < -1$ \wedge $m \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f x)^m (d+e x^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & - \frac{(f x)^{m+1} (d+e x^2)^{p+1} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{2 d f (p+1)} + \\ & \frac{m+2 p+3}{2 d (p+1)} \int (f x)^m (d+e x^2)^{p+1} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx + \frac{b c n (d+e x^2)^p}{2 f (p+1) (1+c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m+1} (1+c^2 x^2)^{p+\frac{1}{2}} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[ (f_.*x_)^m_* (d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_* (a_._+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=  
  -(f*x)^(m+1)*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(2*d*f*(p+1)) +  
  (m+2*p+3)/(2*d*(p+1))*Int[ (f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] +  
  b*c*n/(2*f*(p+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[ (f*x)^(m+1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1),x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && GtQ[n,0] && LtQ[p,-1] && Not[GtQ[m,1]] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[n,1])
```

6: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge m - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m + 2 p + 1 \neq 0$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge m - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m + 2 p + 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{f (f x)^{m-1} (d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{e (m + 2 p + 1)} - \\ & \frac{f^2 (m-1)}{c^2 (m + 2 p + 1)} \int (f x)^{m-2} (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx - \frac{b f n (d + e x^2)^p}{c (m + 2 p + 1) (1 + c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m-1} (1 + c^2 x^2)^{p+\frac{1}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1} dx \end{aligned}$$

— Program code:

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
f*(f*x)^(m-1)*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(e*(m+2*p+1))-  
f^2*(m-1)/(c^2*(m+2*p+1))*Int[(f*x)^(m-2)*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x]-  
b*f*n/(c*(m+2*p+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[(f*x)^(m-1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,p},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && GtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[m,1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1,0]
```

2. $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n < -1$

1: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n < -1 \wedge m + 2 p + 1 = 0$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c (n+1)}$

Basis: If $e = c^2 d \wedge m + 2 p + 1 = 0$, then $\partial_x \left((f x)^m \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} (d + e x^2)^p \right) = \frac{f m (f x)^{m-1} (d+e x^2)^p}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}}$

Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $\partial_x \frac{(d+e x^2)^p}{(1+c^2 x^2)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n < -1 \wedge m + 2 p + 1 = 0$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(f x)^m \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c (n+1)} - \frac{f m (d + e x^2)^p}{b c (n+1) (1 + c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m-1} (1 + c^2 x^2)^{p-\frac{1}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[ (f . x_)^m . (d . + e . x_^2)^p . (a . + b . ArcSinh[c . x_])^n , x_Symbol] :=
  (f*x)^m*.Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*(n+1)) -
  f*m/(b*c*(n+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[(f*x)^(m-1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p-1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && LtQ[n,-1] && EqQ[m+2*p+1,0]
```

2: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n < -1 \wedge 2 p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m + 2 p + 1 \neq 0$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c (n+1)}$

Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $\partial_x \left((f x)^m \sqrt{1+c^2 x^2} (d+e x^2)^p \right) = \frac{f m (f x)^{m-1} (d+e x^2)^p}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}} + \frac{c^2 (m+2 p+1) (f x)^{m+1} (d+e x^2)^p}{f \sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}}$

Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $\partial_x \frac{(d+e x^2)^p}{(1+c^2 x^2)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n < -1 \wedge 2 p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m + 2 p + 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (d+e x^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(f x)^m \sqrt{1+c^2 x^2} (d+e x^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c (n+1)} -$$

$$\frac{f m (d+e x^2)^p}{b c (n+1) (1+c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m-1} (1+c^2 x^2)^{p-\frac{1}{2}} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1} dx -$$

$$\frac{c (m+2 p+1) (d+e x^2)^p}{b f (n+1) (1+c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m+1} (1+c^2 x^2)^{p-\frac{1}{2}} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f . x .)^m . . (d . + e . . x .^2)^p . . (a . + b . . ArcSinh[c . . x .])^n . , x_Symbol] :=  
  (f*x)^m*Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*(n+1)) -  
  f*m/(b*c*(n+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[(f*x)^(m-1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p-1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1),x] -  
  c*(m+2*p+1)/(b*f*(n+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[(f*x)^(m+1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p-1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && LtQ[n,-1] && IGtQ[2*p,0] && NeQ[m+2*p+1,0] && IGtQ[m,-3]
```

3: $\int (f x)^m (d+e x^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n < -1 \wedge 2 p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \neq -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis: $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c (n+1)}$

Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then

$$\partial_x \left((f x)^m \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} (d + e x^2)^p \right) = f m (f x)^{m-1} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} (d + e x^2)^p + \frac{c^2 (2 p + 1) (f x)^{m+1} (d + e x^2)^p}{f \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}$$

Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $\partial_x \frac{(d+e x^2)^p}{(1+c^2 x^2)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n < -1 \wedge 2 p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \neq -\frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow \frac{(f x)^m \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c (n + 1)} - \\ &\quad \frac{f m}{b c (n + 1)} \int (f x)^{m-1} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1} dx - \\ &\quad \frac{c (2 p + 1)}{b f (n + 1)} \int \frac{(f x)^{m+1} (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1}}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow \frac{(f x)^m \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c (n + 1)} - \\ &\quad \frac{f m (d + e x^2)^p}{b c (n + 1) (1 + c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m-1} (1 + c^2 x^2)^{p+\frac{1}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1} dx - \\ &\quad \frac{c (2 p + 1) (d + e x^2)^p}{b f (n + 1) (1 + c^2 x^2)^p} \int (f x)^{m+1} (1 + c^2 x^2)^{p-\frac{1}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[(f . x_)^m . (d + e . x_^2)^p . (a . + b . ArcSinh[c . x_])^n , x_Symbol] :=
(f*x)^m*Simp[Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]*(d+e*x^2)^p]*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*(n+1)) -
f*m/(b*c*(n+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[(f*x)^(m-1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1),x] -
c*(2*p+1)/(b*f*(n+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[(f*x)^(m+1)*(1+c^2*x^2)^(p-1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && LtQ[n,-1] && IntegerQ[2*p] && NeQ[p,-1/2] && IGtQ[m,-3] *)
```

$$3. \int \frac{(f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } e = c^2 d$$

$$1. \int \frac{(f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{(f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge m - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n > 0 \wedge m - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{f (f x)^{m-1} \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{e m} - \\ & \frac{b f n \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{c m \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \int (f x)^{m-1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n-1} dx - \frac{f^2 (m-1)}{c^2 m} \int \frac{(f x)^{m-2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_*(a_._+b_._*ArcSinh[c_._*x_])^n_./Sqrt[d_+e_._*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  f*(f*x)^(m-1)*Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(e*m) -
  b*f*n/(c*m)*Simp[Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d+e*x^2]]*Int[(f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1),x] -
  f^2*(m-1)/(c^2*m)*Int[((f*x)^(m-2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n)/Sqrt[d+e*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && GtQ[n,0] && IgQ[m,1]

```

2: $\int \frac{x^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $a_x \frac{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}} = 0$

Basis: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $\frac{x^m}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}} = \frac{1}{c^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Sinh}[x]^m, x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]] \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]$

Note: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $(a + b x)^n \operatorname{Sinh}[x]$ is integrable in closed-form.

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \frac{x^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{c^{m+1} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int (a + b x)^n \operatorname{Sinh}[x]^m dx, x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m * (a.+b.*ArcSinh[c.*x_])^n./Sqrt[d.+e.*x^2],x_Symbol] :=
  1/c^(m+1)*Simp[Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d+e*x^2]]*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Sinh[x]^m,x,ArcSinh[c*x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

3: $\int \frac{(f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(f x)^{m+1} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])}{f (m + 1) \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, -c^2 x^2\right] -$$

$$\frac{b c (f x)^{m+2} \sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}}{f^2 (m+1) (m+2) \sqrt{d+e x^2}} \text{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\left\{1, 1+\frac{m}{2}, 1+\frac{m}{2}\right\}, \left\{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{m}{2}, 2+\frac{m}{2}\right\}, -c^2 x^2\right]$$

- Program code:

```

Int[(f.*x.)^m*(a.+b.*ArcSinh[c.*x.])/Sqrt[d.+e.*x.^2],x_Symbol] :=
(f*x)^(m+1)/(f*(m+1))*Simp[Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d+e*x^2]]*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])*_
Hypergeometric2F1[1/2,(1+m)/2,(3+m)/2,-c^2*x^2]-
b*c*(f*x)^(m+2)/(f^2*(m+1)*(m+2))*Simp[Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d+e*x^2]]*_
HypergeometricPFQ[{1,1+m/2,1+m/2},{3/2+m/2,2+m/2},-c^2*x^2];
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]

```

$$2: \int \frac{(f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } e = c^2 d \wedge n < -1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c (n+1)}$$

$$\text{Basis: If } e = c^2 d, \text{ then } \partial_x \frac{(f x)^m \sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}} = \frac{f m (f x)^{m-1} \sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: If } e = c^2 d, \text{ then } \partial_x \frac{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}} = 0$$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge n < -1$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(f x)^m \sqrt{1+c^2 x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c (n+1) \sqrt{d + e x^2}} - \frac{f m \sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}}{b c (n+1) \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \int (f x)^{m-1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_._+b_._*ArcSinh[c_._*x_])^n_/_Sqrt[d_+e_._*x_^.2],x_Symbol]:=  
  (f*x)^m/(b*c*(n+1))*Simp[Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d+e*x^2]]*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1)-  
  f*m/(b*c*(n+1))*Simp[Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d+e*x^2]]*Int[(f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1),x];  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && LtQ[n,-1]
```

$$4: \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } e = c^2 d \wedge 2 p + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $\partial_x \frac{(d+e x^2)^p}{(1+c^2 x^2)^p} = 0$

Basis: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$x^m (1 + c^2 x^2)^p =$$

$$\frac{1}{b c^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst} \left[\operatorname{Sinh} \left[-\frac{a}{b} + \frac{x}{b} \right]^m \operatorname{Cosh} \left[-\frac{a}{b} + \frac{x}{b} \right]^{2p+1}, x, a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x] \right] \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])$$

Note: If $2p+2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $x^n \operatorname{sinh} \left[-\frac{a}{b} + \frac{x}{b} \right]^m \operatorname{cosh} \left[-\frac{a}{b} + \frac{x}{b} \right]^{2p+1}$ is integrable in closed-form.

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge 2p+2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \\ & \rightarrow \frac{(d + e x^2)^p}{(1 + c^2 x^2)^p} \int x^m (1 + c^2 x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \\ & \rightarrow \frac{(d + e x^2)^p}{b c^{m+1} (1 + c^2 x^2)^p} \operatorname{Subst} \left[\int x^n \operatorname{Sinh} \left[-\frac{a}{b} + \frac{x}{b} \right]^m \operatorname{Cosh} \left[-\frac{a}{b} + \frac{x}{b} \right]^{2p+1} dx, x, a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x] \right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_~m_.*(d_+e_.*x_~2)^p_.*(a_._+b_._*ArcSinh[c_._*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol]:=  
  1/(b*c^(m+1))*Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*  
  Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b+x/b]^m*Cosh[-a/b+x/b]^(2*p+1),x],x,a+b*ArcSinh[c*x]] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[2*p+2,0] && IGtQ[m,0]
```

5: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \frac{m+1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \frac{m+1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(f x)^m (d + e x^2)^{p+\frac{1}{2}}, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_*x_)^m_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_._+b_._*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d+e*x^2],(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1/2),x],x]/;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[p+1/2,0] && Not[IGtQ[(m+1)/2,0]] && (EqQ[m,-1] || EqQ[m,-2])
```

2. $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e \neq c^2 d$

1: $\int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx$ when $e \neq c^2 d \wedge p \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:: If $p \neq -1$, then $x (d + e x^2)^p = \partial_x \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1}}{2 e (p+1)}$

Rule: If $e \neq c^2 d \wedge p \neq -1$, then

$$\int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])}{2 e (p+1)} - \frac{b c}{2 e (p+1)} \int \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1}}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_._+b_._*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol]:=  
  (d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])/(2*e*(p+1)) - b*c/(2*e*(p+1))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x]/;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p},x] && NeQ[e,c^2*d] && NeQ[p,-1]
```

2: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx$ when $e \neq c^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p > 0 \vee \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m + p \leq 0)$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Note: If $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m + p \geq 0$, then $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p$ is a rational function.

Rule: If $e \neq c^2 d \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p > 0 \vee \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m + p \leq 0)$, let $u = \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) - b c \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_. x_)^m . (d_ + e_. x_^2)^p . (a_. + b_. ArcSinh[c_. x_]), x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m (d+e*x^2)^p, x]},
    Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x], u, x] - b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2], x], x] ];
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p] && (GtQ[p, 0] || IGtQ[(m-1)/2, 0] && LeQ[m+p, 0])
```

3: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e \neq c^2 d \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $e \neq c^2 d \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f . x_)^m . (d + e . x_^2)^p . (a . + b . ArcSinh[c . x_])^n . , x_Symbol] :=  
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n, (f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p],x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

U: $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$

Rule:

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f . x_)^m . (d + e . x_^2)^p . (a . + b . ArcSinh[c . x_])^n . , x_Symbol] :=  
  Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p},x]
```

Rules for integrands of the form $(h x)^m (d + e x)^p (f + g x)^q (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n$

1: $\int (h x)^m (d + e x)^p (f + g x)^q (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e f + d g = 0 \wedge c^2 d^2 + e^2 = 0 \wedge (p | q) \in \mathbb{Z} + \frac{1}{2} \wedge p - q \geq 0 \wedge d > 0 \wedge \frac{g}{e} < 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If $e f + d g = 0 \wedge c^2 d^2 + e^2 = 0 \wedge d > 0 \wedge \frac{g}{e} < 0$, then

$$(d + e x)^p (f + g x)^q = \left(-\frac{d^2 g}{e}\right)^q (d + e x)^{p-q} (1 + c^2 x^2)^q$$

Rule: If $e f + d g = 0 \wedge c^2 d^2 + e^2 = 0 \wedge (p | q) \in \mathbb{Z} + \frac{1}{2} \wedge p - q \geq 0 \wedge d > 0 \wedge \frac{g}{e} < 0$, then

$$\int (h x)^m (d + e x)^p (f + g x)^q (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \left(-\frac{d^2 g}{e}\right)^q \int (h x)^m (d + e x)^{p-q} (1 + c^2 x^2)^q (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(h.*x)^m.*(d+e.*x)^p*(f+g.*x)^q*(a+b.*ArcSinh[c.*x])^n,x_Symbol]:=  
(-d^2*g/e)^q*Int[(h*x)^m*(d+e*x)^(p-q)*(1+c^2*x^2)^q*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x];;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,m,n},x] && EqQ[e*f+d*g,0] && EqQ[c^2*d^2+e^2,0] && HalfIntegerQ[p,q] && GeQ[p-q,0] && GtQ[d,0] && LtQ[g/e,0]
```

2: $\int (h x)^m (d + e x)^p (f + g x)^q (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e f + d g = 0 \wedge c^2 d^2 + e^2 = 0 \wedge (p | q) \in \mathbb{Z} + \frac{1}{2} \wedge p - q \geq 0 \wedge \neg(d > 0 \wedge \frac{g}{e} < 0)$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $e f + d g = 0 \wedge c^2 d^2 + e^2 = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{(d+e x)^q (f+g x)^q}{(1+c^2 x^2)^q} = 0$

Rule: If $e f + d g = 0 \wedge c^2 d^2 + e^2 = 0 \wedge (p | q) \in \mathbb{Z} + \frac{1}{2} \wedge p - q \geq 0 \wedge \neg(d > 0 \wedge \frac{g}{e} < 0)$, then

$$\int (h x)^m (d + e x)^p (f + g x)^q (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{d^2 g}{e}\right)^{\operatorname{IntPart}[q]} (d + e x)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[q]} (f + g x)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[q]}}{(1 + c^2 x^2)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[q]}} \int (h x)^m (d + e x)^{p-q} (1 + c^2 x^2)^q (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[(h.*x.)^m.* (d.+e.*x.)^p.* (f.+g.*x.)^q.* (a.+b.*ArcSinh[c.*x.])^n.,x_Symbol]:= 
 (-d^2*g/e)^IntPart[q]* (d+e*x)^FracPart[q]* (f+g*x)^FracPart[q]/(1+c^2*x^2)^FracPart[q]* 
 Int[(h*x)^m*(d+e*x)^(p-q)* (1+c^2*x^2)^q* (a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,m,n},x] && EqQ[e*f+d*g,0] && EqQ[c^2*d^2+e^2,0] && HalfIntegerQ[p,q] && GeQ[p-q,0]

```